







## The Dark Side of Translation Crime, technology, and translation

Jo Drugan, University of East Anglia, UK



Economic and Social Research Council Shaping Society





**Briefing Note:** 

Draft

Version 0.14

using language services

college.police.u

eeds to be prope

med prior to the

college.police.uk

College of Policing

Briefing the interviewee: aide memoire for interpreter-assisted

A to one another wa an interpreter for is not part of the police. They are here to put what you say into my

o us, with a gesture like

I with the interpreter, they are

: the interpreter is not

a language. The

college,police.uk

Interpreting

age, and what I say into yours.

erpret what we say and speak in the intel person

they will stop the inte

Tr one or us speaks for

this (the inte may vary in dime

Working with an interpreter-aide memoire for interpreter-assisted interviews Aim: evidence-based guidance and training

College of Policing

Interpreting

DRAFT: version D.A

The Intern

Accurate interpreting is the result of good preparation. Your interpreter needs to breed before the interview. The intering should be one area from the interview prepare the survey unservice recurserview discriming. See pre-interview and and briefed before the interview. The briefing should be done away solidor to avoid universited pre-interview disployure. See pre-int

in addition, it is necessary to:

what is usely to be decussed, the nature of the ortenoing and the op

 the terminology that is likely to be used, eg. medical or legal terminology about the individual for which they are be interpreting, including their name and any other relevant intermation. • What is likely to be decused, the nature of the offending and the context • What is likely to be decused, the nature of medical of legal terminology the terminology that is need to be used, eq. medical or legal terminology must be any or a metal of the metallow of the metal

other relevant information relevant place names and the names of any other people who may be referred it relevant maintenance

whether specific procedures are to be used, eq. special warming escared and any terminology or accrevations clash, escared and required and any terminology or accrevations clash,

agree breaks and a bigral the interpreter can use if an unemedued break is needed

agree searing analigements. The merphote will need to sear present in the merchan equally real. The teed searing analy present in the merchanic merchanistic termination termination. est verseure and air werns concerns and agree sealing attangements. The interpreter

ouring the interview any emplois, images or CCTV that may be released to ouring the Particularly in they include disturbing images whether specific procedures are to be used. By specific warmings, whether specific procedures and semiconomic or astronomic of the as

agres unean anu a righte ure menyreen 63 because met are hong concentration

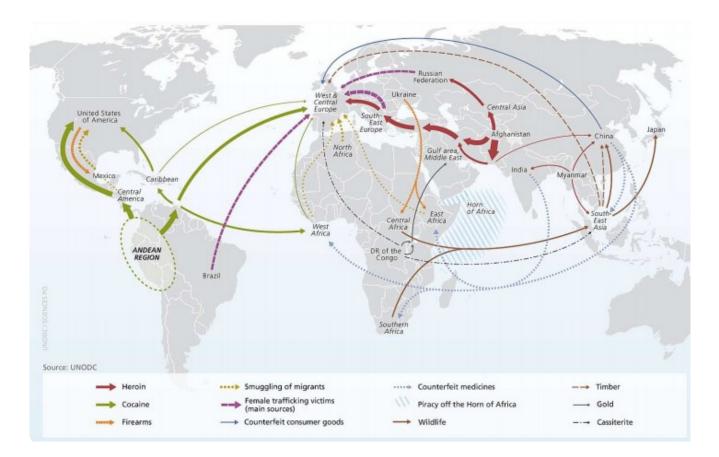


An inspection of the Home Office's use of language services in the asylum process

May – November 2019

The Borders, Immigration and Citizenship System (BICS) does not have a system-wide policy for the provision of information and services in foreign languages. Policies and guidance have developed separately for asylum and for other BICS functions and practice varies not only for the different functions but between and within the operational directorates, and in some cases from one location to another. Some of this is a pragmatic response to the (non-)availability of particular language services, but the overall effect is unsatisfactory in terms of efficiency and effectiveness and means that the treatment of asylum applicants and other BICS 'customers' is uneven.

## TRANSNATIONAL ORGANISED CRIME



Transnational organized crime is not stagnant, but is an everchanging industry, adapting to markets and creating new forms of crime.

In short, it is an illicit business that transcends cultural, social, linguistic and geographical boundaries and one that knows no borders or rules.

Transnational Organized Crime – The Globalized Illegal Economy, United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, <u>http://www.unodc.org/documents/toc/factsh</u> <u>eets/TOC12\_fs\_general\_EN\_HIRES.pdf</u>

Main global TOC flows (UNODC: 2010)

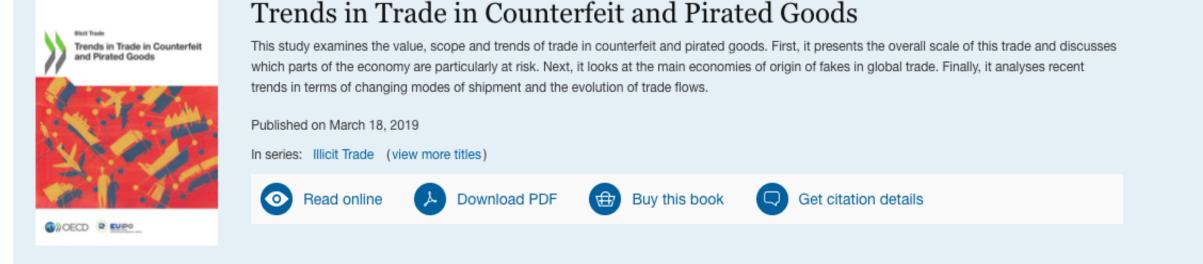




### ANTI-CORRUPTION & INTEGRITY HUB

HOME ABOUT EXPLORE - GET INVOLVED - FORUM - Q

### home > Trends in Trade in Counterfeit and Pirated Goods



- International trade in counterfeit/stolen goods est. 0.5 trillion US \$.
- Imports of counterfeit and pirated products into the EU amounted to as much as EUR 121 billion (6.8 % of EU imports, up from 5 % in 2013).

Interpreters' notes (Extract) Any notes taken must be in hard copy. Electronic devices cannot be used. The interpreter's notes must be handed to the interviewer at the end of the interview, except where the notes are subject to legal privilege, and these notes must be referenced in the interpreter's witness statement. To comply with data protection regulations, interpreters cannot retain a copy of their notes since they may contain names, addresses or other personal information relevant to the case.



### Interpreting

Working with an interpreter: aide memoire for interpreterassisted interviews

DRAFT: version 0.4

Accurate interpreting is the result of good preparation. Your interpreter needs to be properly briefed before the interview. The briefing should be done away from the interviewee or their solicitor to avoid unwanted pre-interview disclosure. See Pre-interview briefings.

The interpreter needs to know:

- what is likely to be discussed, the nature of the offending and the context
- the terminology that is likely to be used, eg, medical or legal terminology
- about the individual for whom they will be interpreting, including their name and any other relevant information
- relevant place names and the names of any other people who may be referred to during the interview
- any exhibits, images or CCTV that may be referred to during the interview, particularly if they include disturbing images
- whether specific procedures are to be used, eg, special warnings. These must be explained if required and any terminology or abbreviations clarified prior to the interview.

In addition, it is necessary to:

- agree breaks and a signal the interpreter can use if an unscheduled break is needed, eg, because they are losing concentration
- agree seating arrangements. The interpreter will need to see and hear all parties present in the interview equally well. The best seating arrangement for interpreterassisted interviews may well be a triangular formation



# **Hail**Online

## You're nicked, son! Now can we Skype you on your sofa? Crime suspects are being quizzed by police from comfort of their own homes - via video call

- Crime suspects are being formally interviewed by police officers over video call
- West Midlands Police started quizzing alleged offenders via electronic devices
- Assault and theft suspects are able to take part in a 'virtual voluntary interview'
- The scheme was introduced in response to coronavirus but is set to continue

## Police interpreter was in pay of Vietnamese drugs gang

David Collins, Northern

Correspondent

Sunday September 22 2019, 12.01am, The Sunday Times



Kim Tran was exposed as she helped detectives after the gang's arrest last year. She was convicted this month at Burnley crown court LANCASHIRE POLICE

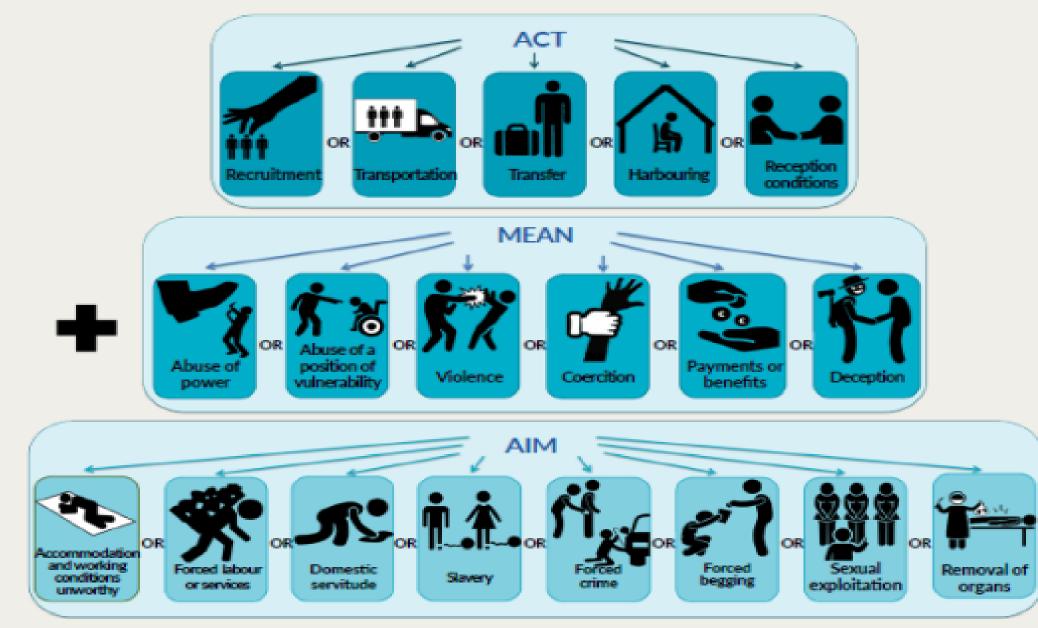
Police have issued an alert after an interpreter who worked in the justice system for 16 years was found to be in the pay of a drugs gang.



English > Professional Interest > Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons

| Test is DDE Ferret  | See also                 |
|---|--------------------------|
| Text in PDF Format  | The core international   |
| Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons Especially                  | human rights instruments |
| Women and Children, supplementing the   | Universal human rights   |
| United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime                             | instruments              |
| Adopted and opened for signature, ratification and accession by General Assembly resolution | Charter of the United    |
| 55/25 of 15 November 2000   | Nations                  |

## TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS =



## National Referral Mechanism Potential victims of human trafficking 1 October-31 December 2018

| Total<br>Referrals | Female | Male  | Trans-<br>gender | Adult | Minor |
|--------------------|--------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|
| 1,961              | 750    | 1,209 | 2                | 1,073 | 888   |

- 1. UK
- 2. Albania
- 3. Vietnam
- 4. Romania
- 5. China
- 6. Eritrea
- 7. Sudan
- 8. India
- 9. Nigeria
- 10. Pakistan

# Top 10 'claimed nationalities' for referrals

National Referral Mechanism Statistics. Quarter 4 2018 -October to December. National Crime Agency. 2019



# Human trafficking reception centre

Image © Sophie Offord, British Red Cross

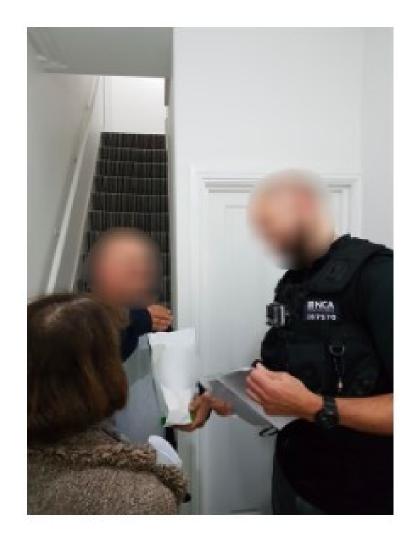




Images © Stephen Chapman Anti-Slavery Co-ordinator, Welsh Government



## Images © NCA, The Military Times



It works like this, the police enter buildings, get people, it usually happens at four in the morning, five in the morning, get them out of bed, bring them to the reception centre, and say 'well there we are, you are victims of trafficking, and we want to save you'. Now it's not necessarily the case that people want to be saved. And it's not always clear what is the advantage to them so people are not willing to speak initially.

British Red Cross Interpreter, TOCAT project, 2017

Human trafficking cases [...] can be very long-winded, almost twenty-four hours, and they often have to get an extension from the Chief Inspector as even this isn't enough.

Interpreter, TOCAT project, 2017

I was initially told that the whole thing should last around an hour with just a statement being required from the potential victim. [...] When I arrived there were five potential victims and the job lasted thirteen hours! My longest shift was 27 hours.

British Red Cross Interpreter, TOCAT project, 2017

## Different patterns by reported nationality National Referral Mechanism, 1 October-31 December 2018

| Reported<br>Nationality | Domestic<br>Servitude |    | Organ<br>Harvesting | Sexual<br>Exploitation | Unknown<br>Exploitation |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Albanian                | 2                     | 66 | 1                   | 130                    | 5                       |
| Vietnamese              | 1                     | 75 | 0                   | 12                     | 5                       |

The dilemma of engaging with debates about minority victimization and offending and contributing to the creation of false pathologies which might then serve to naturalize and reify images of certain minorities as inherently criminal.

Phillips and Bowling (2003: 271)

Both hegemonic 'black' and 'Asian' identities have been politically contested because of diverse historical, cultural, political, religious and socio-economic experiences among minorities in Britain. As Stuart Hall (1988: 258) argues, individuals 'speak from a particular place, out of a particular history, out of a particular experience, a particular culture', but they should not be contained by that position.

Phillips and Bowling (2003: 271-2)

Both hegemonic 'black' and 'Asian' identities have been politically contested because of diverse historical, cultural, political, religious and socio-economic experiences among minorities in Britain. As Stuart Hall (1988: 258) argues, individuals 'speak from a particular place, out of a particular history, out of a particular experience, a particular culture', but they should not be contained by that position.

Phillips and Bowling (2003: 271-2)

And language?



## CASCADING CRISES

Edited by Federico M. Federici and Sharon O'Brien

2

# • TARGET •

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF TRANSLATION STUDIES =

VOLUME 31 = 15SUE 1 = 2019

. JOHN BENJAMINS PUBLISHING COMPANY .

### References

- Alfer, Alexa and Cornelia Zwischenberger (Eds.). 2020. Special Issue on "Translaboration". *Target* 32 (1)
- Beare, Margaret E. 2003. "Introduction." In *Critical Reflections on Transnational Organised Crime, Money Laundering and Corruption*, edited by Margaret E. Beare. Toronto: Toronto University Press, pp. xi-xxix
- Federici, Federico and Sharon O'Brien (Eds.). 2019. *Translation in Cascading Crises*. London: Routledge.
- Parmar, Alpa. 2017. "Intersectionality, British criminology and race: Are we there yet?" *Theoretical Criminology* 21 (1): 35-45. DOI: <u>10.1177/1362480616677496</u>
- Phillips, Coretta and Benjamin Bowling. 2003. "Racism, ethnicity and criminology. Developing minority perspectives." *British Journal of Criminology* 43 (2): 269-290.